THEY SUGGEST THE IMMEDIATE RE-DEMPTION OF THE 4 1-9 PER CENTS.

The Money Market to Close Because the Trenoury is Constantly Braining the Banks-The Present Purchases of Bonds Do Not Prevent the Treasury From Becoming Congested

The closeness with which the money market was worked the last few days has made the financial community thoughtful. The plainest evidence of activity has been furnished by the Stock Exchange, since the market for call loans on its floor is the only one that is continuously and officially quoted. For two days the rates for call loans have ruled at twice to three times the legal rate of interest. There has been no unusual demand for money in Wall street, as speculation has been at a very low ebb on the Stock Exchange for some time, and the tendency has been unmistakably toward liquidation rather than in the direction of new ventures. There has been a little surface manipulation of the money market by the bears, who have done what they could to aggravate the situation; but their operations have not concealed the fact that money has been scarce and that all classes of borrowers have experienced difficulties in getting accom-

When Secretary Windom advanced his prices for Government bonds about a month ago with the view of securing enough of them to meet the requirements of the Sinking Fund for the current fiscal year of the Government, hopes were entertained that enough bonds would be offered to insure a fairly easy money market the balance of the year. His policy was generally commended, but it has clearly failed of success, for though he has continued to buy bonds every day since, he has not released more than a third of the money that should be paid out on account of purchases for the Sinking Fund during the year. Unfortunately, the disbursements that have been made by these operations have been offset by large exports of specie to Europe, which. by the way, have The daily purchases of bonds by the Govern-

ment have been almost entirely of the 4 per cents, the holders of the 4%s being unwilling to part with them at current prices, which are ut two per cent. below what they will receive if they hold the bonds until they mature on Sept. 1 next year. There are about \$110,-000,000 of those bonds outstanding, and the near approach to the date of their maturity has led to the suggestion that the Secretary should begin to redeom them now, especially as he has a surplus in the Treasury of about \$125,000,000. That suggestion, which originated with certain leading bankers, has been referred to in the financial column of THE SUN several times of late, and it is understood that it has been presented informally to the Secretary of the Treasury. The condition of the money market has added to its force and compelled the banking community to regard it with seriousness. It was reported in Wall street yesterday that Mr. Windom had decided to proceed at once with the redemption of the 4% per cent, bonds, which

dom had decided to proceed at once with the redemption of the 4% per cent, bonds, which would mean that he had decided to prepay the principal and interest to date of maturity. So far as can be learned, the sole basis for thatreport is the discussion of the proposition, which has now become general.

With the view of ascertaining the sentiment of bank officials regarding this matter, the officers of a number of leading financial institutions were asked yesterday for their opiniona. Vice-President James A. Garland of the First National Bank, speaking for himself and for President George F. Baker, said that in his judgment the Secretary of the Treasury could not adopt a more judicious policy as regards the Treasury as well as the needs of the people than to begin at once to redeem the 4% per cents. He believed that an offer to redeem them would bring out enough bonds to insure an easy working money market during the next few months, when business is most active, owing to the marketing of the crops and the laying in of winter supplies by merchants. The Government gains nothing by hoarding its resources, as it receives no interest upon its accumulations. On the other hand, the Treasury will have to pay out the principal and interest of the bonds at the end of the next twelve months, and it can afford to give the bondhoders the advantage of whatever interest they may make during the year by obtaining the money now, since business generally would have the benefit of the use of the money as well as lower rates that would result from its disbursement. Mr. Garland said he thought that the purchases of the should be continued, for a time at least, on the present basis, so that the holders of the should be continued, for a time at least, on the present basis, so that the holders of the should be continued, for a time at least, on the present basis, so that the holders of the should be continued for a time at least, on the present basis, so that the holders of the sand summer of the Fourth National Bank said: "The suggesti

pate the payment of the 4% per cents is an excellent one. To my mind that is the only way in which a large amount of money can be released from the Treasury. The other ways of getting it out are by purchases of silver, which will give us relief very slowly, and by interest and pension payments. These last will aggregate about \$21,000,000, of which, say, \$1,500,000 will be for interest on the 1st of next month, and the balance for pensions will be scattered through the month and will not; therefore, add appreciably to the supply of money available for business purposes. It is evident that the holders of the 4% per cents do not propose to part with their bonds at the present price, but prefer to hold them to maturity. Of course, a large part of the issue will be held until they are due, but I believe that an offer to redeem them at par and interest to maturity, ould bring out a good many million of bonds, enough to carry us comfortably during the fall and early winter months. We unquestionably reed more money and should have it before basiness is stifled by rates that it cannot afford to pay, or by an actual scarcity of funds. I can see no valid objection to such a policy as has been suggested, and believe that its adoption would meet with general approval, because the benefits resulting from it would be widespread.

President W. H.; Male of the Atlantic Trust

see no valid objection to such a policy as has been suggested, and believe that its adoption would meet with general approval, because the benefits resulting from ft would be widespread.

President W. H. Male of the Atlantic Trust Company said: "If the Secretary should begin to redeem the 4% per cent bonds he would be doing simply what every good business man does when he finds that he has a larger surplus in bank than he has immediate use for namely, rotire bis earliest maturing obligations. In the case of the Government, the question of interest ought not to enter into the calculation, because the amount is comparatively insignificant, and, besides, the Government cannot save or make that amount, as it is not in the banking business. I do not see why an offer to redeem the bonds now would not simplify the work of the Treasury Department during the next year, and at the same time contribute largely to the propertity of the proper. There are a great many phases of the money market that people generally overlock became they are new. For instance, a good deal of money has been sent out of New York this summer to the New England States for ship building, ice, and local improvements in which New Yorkers are interested. This has not occurred before, at least not upon so extensive a scale as at present. The Houth absorbs money constantly for the reason; consequently a large percentage of the meny that is sent into that section is constantly employed, and docal improvements in which New Yorkers are interested. This has not occurred before, at least not upon so extensive a scale as at present. The Houth absorbs money constantly for the reason; consequently a large percentage of the money that is sent into that section is constantly employed, and does not return here. It seems prepoterous that with the surplus of over a hundred million dollars lying die in the Treasury and obligations of the Government for an equal amount falling due within a year, that the business of the country should be benter off if the Crassury wh

OUR DEFENCELESS PACIFIC COAST. Full Charges of Powder Would Play Havos

With the Guns We Have There, WASHINGTON, Aug. 12-The despatch from Ottawa published in The Sun to-day, detail ing measures that have been taken by the Dominion Government to fortify British Columbia, is very suggestive when taken in connection with the statements made confiden tially by Gen. Nelson A. Miles to the Senate Committee on Relations with Canada, which has been gathering information'upon this subject during the past two years.

Gen. Miles stated in his confidential com munication to the committee that he had been stationed on the Pacific coast about ten years, and during that period he had considered generally the condition of the military and other defences of the United States on the Pacific coast, and had acquired some information in regard to the military works in British this country. The information which Gen. Miles gave to the committee was gathered for himself and also, as he stated. "for the higher officers of the Government," and was regarded as confidential; but of course he considered himself relieved from any responsibility as to secreey when called by a committee of Congress to state the facts known to him. He stated his belief that the railway system of Eritish Columbia could be occupied by American troops in ten days; in other words, that the principal part of British Columbia could be occupied by American troops, not however, through Victoria, because the Briush Government has expended millions in building dry docks, navy yards, and fortifications at that point. "But," said Gen. Miles significantly, "I think it is fair to say that during those ten days the British fleet could destroy every town and city on Puget Sound, destroy our railruad system there, and occupy our outlets for that northwestern country. They could also send ships up the Columbia River and destroy the city of Portland and that railway system." This statement was explained by Gen. Miles by the humiliating admission "that there is not a gun or an earthwork in Puget Sound. There are a few obsolete guns at the mouth of the Columbia, at Fort Canby, but that is not now occupied by troops."

Gen. Miles also quoted from an official confihimself and also, as he stated, "for the higher secrecy when called by a committee of congress to teste the facts known to him. Be stated the fact that the facts known to him. Be stated the fact that the principal proposed and the fact that the fact that the war service of the fact that the war bepartment had forbiden the safety of the same of the stated and and the fact that the war bepartment had forbiden the safety of the same of the fact that the war service of the same of the same

Ren Amuck With a Fish Knife.

ELIZABETH, Aug. 12.-Joseph Simmons. young iceman, created a sensation last night in and near the Union depot, Elizabeth, by chasing people around with a big fish knife which he seized in J. W. Brokaw's store. He first put the clerk of the store. Luther W. Sloan, to flight with the weapon, and made a slash at Henry Cassell, the errand boy, ripping his coat down the back. He slapped a terrifled restaurant keeper's face, pursued a Chinaman several blocks, and insulted a young girl.

Then he made his way to the depot, and quickly cleared the platform by rushing along it flourishing the kaile. He attacked John Noble, the depot sweeper, and tried to throw him under the wheels of a passing train. There was a flerce struggle. Pollcoman Eckert and Night Baggage Master Otto went to the assistance of the sweeper. The three men finally overpowered Simmons, who did his best to stab the policoman. The victim of Jersey lightning, for that was all that alled Simmons, was arraigned to-day and held on three charges of felonious assault. Besidesthis, he was sentenced to two months in jail for disorderly conduct. slash at Henry Cassell, the errand boy, ripping

A Servant Outwits a Burglar.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 12.-An unknown burglar was very neatly trapped when he attempted to enter the house of E. E. Naugle, at Thirtyeighth and Cummings streets, yesterday. Mary eighth and Cummings streets, yesterday. Mary Bullivan, the hired girl, was alone in the house at the time, and the man, who was masked presented a revolver at her head and ordered her to show him where the family lewels were. She conducted him hat on another room and opened a drawer in a dresser, but instead of getting the jewels selzed a revolver and, pointing it at the intruder's head, compelled him to surrender the weapon and leave the house.

Mrs, Chaska Bouts the Indians.

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 12 .- At Swift Bird's camp of Indians on the Cheyenne yesterday, Mrs. Cora Belle Fellows Chasks, the heroine of the Indian marriage, figured in a sensational fight with the Indians. When the annual issue of soap was made by the Government. Mrs. Chaska claimed a greater portion of it, which claim was combated by several of Swift Bird's followers, and in the mèles Mrs. Chaska commenced throwing the cakes right and left, and finally cleared the room. The case has been taken before the Indian court for settlement, and Cora Belle may go to the guard house.

Beelded to Let the Money Go. William Cooper brought suit against William T. Judd for \$250.50 the amount of Judd's wife's funeral bill, and yesterday secured an order from Judge Beach of

the Supreme Court for the service of the summons or the Supreme Court for the service of the summons on the defendant by publication. He is supposed to reside sither at Fort Scott. Ark. or Memphis. Tenn. Cooper was the brother of Judd's wife. and alleges that Judd left her in itselt. Mrs. Judd died on Bec. 5, 1883, and in March, 1894, her brother, the plaintiff paid the funeral bill. Soon after the order for arrives was granted, the plaintiff filed an order discontinuing the whole proceedings. In another suit Mr. Cooper demands 8921.55 which he expended for the support and education of his brother in law's 10 year-old son, W. V. Judd. This settion has also been discontinued.

All Harlem Division Trains Enuning. All passenger trains over the Harlam division of the New York Central are running regularly on schedule

lly in favor of any plan that would enable the banks and others to supply for considering all the various methods for getting at the gold and the various methods for getting at the gold and the gold a

Time-2:18, 2:2014, 2:22. For the second day the 2:19 trotting, free-for-all pacing, and 2:27 trotting classes make up the programme.

AMUSEMENTS.

Jacobs's Theatre Respond with "For Donelson," a New Drama of the War, The villain of the play at Jacobs's Theatre

was hissed yesterday afternoon. He was a tall, handsome young man, and he wore the uniform of a Captain of United States troops dashingly. He spoke with a manly, agreeable voice, too, and was in all ways made presentable by a fairly clever actor. But he was the cause of the hero's troubles, and, no matter that he lurked and leered in a manner dra-matically praiseworthy, the audience hissed him feelingly. Even when he lay on a litter dying of a wound bravely received in battle. and confessing contritely the wrong which he had done, he was hissed harder than before. The parquet was forgivingly silent, and the first balcony was inclined to relent, but the gallery hissed with all its might at his throes of mortal anguish. The demonstration was characteristic of an east side theatre and proved how carnestly the people over there take their theatrical amusement. This happened at the reopening of Jacobe's low-priced but freshly embellished and very handsome house, where a new drama of the

Jealous Comedians in a Fight.

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 12.-A scene not down on the bills occurred during the performance of "A Pair of Jacks" here last night, in which R. G. Knowles, formerly of Augustin Daly's company, and Sol Aiken and wife, well-known New York actors, were the principals. The quarrel arose petween Aiken and Knowles quarrel arose petween Aiken and Knowles over petty jealousies, and terminated in blows. Aiken drew a revolver and attempted to strike Knowles over the head with it, but was prevented by Knowles, who grasped Aiken by the throat and began to choke him.

Mrs. Aiken arrived at this point. She carried a hammer, and sought to brain Knowles, but he used the husband as a shield and made his escape. Knowles then swore out a warrant for Aiken's arrest, and he was fined \$25 and costs for assault. costs for assault.

The inuginable part of the affair occurred a moment after the fracas, when Knowles appeared on the etage and remarked, apparently as a part of the dialogue:

"If I had a hammer just now there would be a strange face in heaven."

Trouble for Dixey and "Rip." CHICAGO, Aug. 12.-All is not serene in the financial affairs of the Henry E. Dixey burlesque troupe here. The company have been playing at the Columbia Theatre, under a certainty of \$2,500 a week, guaranteed by John B. Carson, owner of the theatre. But his contract stipulated that if the receipts did not reach stipulated that if the receipts did not reach a certain sum for two successive weeks either party to the agreement could break it. Although Dixey's friends have insisted that his new burle-que. "litp." is a big success, it is a fact that the receipts did not come up to the figure named in the contract. Carson, therefore, served notice last week that he would no longer pay the guarantee. There was some protest and no little excitement on the part of Dixey and his manager. Warburton, and alter a great deal of dickering Carson agreed to pay a percentage for this week, when the company will close.

An Excursionist Killed. Michael Carney of South Madison, N. J., was almoinstantly killed at East Newark yesterday morning. He started for Coney Island on one of the two trains which carried Morris Lodge, J. O. O. F., from Morristown to Hoboken on the annual excursion of the lodge town to iloboks non the annual excursion of the lodge to Coney Island. Carmystood on the platform of one of the middle cars of the second section of the train, and in attempting to look forward he lost his balance and plunged from the train. List head came in contact the was thrown under the whesia. The accident of the control of the

Brooklyn Mutes on an Excursion.

The first annual excursion of the Brooklyn Society of Deaf Mules took place yesterday to Oriental Grove on the Bound. The excursionists went to the grove on the barge Cozsackie, and Reiff's band kept the dancers busy on the way to the piente ground and back. There were many friends aboard who could talk and hear but the mutes seemed to understand the measures of the various dances as well as their guests. The harge returned to Breeckiyn in good essent. The Brookiyn dociety of Males is probably the strongest of its kind in the Stellar. It was concausated in 1882.

ALDERMEN CONDEMN THE CIGARETTE.

The Newsboys See the Hand of Mr. Gerry in the Tyrannous Resolution. The dozens of newsboys and bootblacks who spend most of their time in City Hall Park and along Park row were highly indignant yesterday afternoon over a piece of news from the Aldermanie chamber which had reached them through the medium of The Evening Sun. It was a resolution of Alderman Lynch's, which the Board passed just before the day's session was over. The preamble is sound, and says in

Whereas, the smoking of cigarettes on the cars, upon the streets and avenues, and in various places of public resert, by boys, many of them of tender years, has got

The resolution calls upon the police to enforce a law which goes into effect in Sept. 1, prohibiting the smoking of tobacco or eigprohibiting the smoking of tobacco or eigarctes in public by any boy actually or apparently under the age of 16 years. The act was passed last year, and was known in Albany as "Gillice's Cigarcot bill." that being the way its author pronounced the name of the offensive article.

It didn't take the boys long to get at the gist of this proclamation. They evidently looked upon it as victous class legislation, and a Sun reporter who introduced himself to a little crowd of them heard, some decided opinions expressed on the subject.

Those Aldermen fellers." said a determined-looking youngster with a pugnacious nose, "hain't got no right to make a law like that agin us. They mostly all smoke themselves, and it ain't a square deal. The people in that Getry society must ha got up this scheme. They're alius gettin' up somethin' or other to bother us."

"Why, boss," said a little bootblack. "we ain't a hurtin' those people; an' if we're hurtin' ourselves, that's our business. These palefaced chaps, whot live on Fift' avenure, it's all right to keep 'em from smokin', 'cause it makes' em siok."

"There's Nibsey Jo," said another; "he's been a smokin' fur two years, an' he can't git along widout it." "That's so, mister, said Nibsey, "and none of these sparrer perlice are goin' to stop me, neither."

The reporter left them with the conviction that it would require something more impressive than a resolution of the Common Council to allenate the street gypsy's affection for the infatuating cigarette. arettes in public by any boy actually or ap-

ANOTHER RESULT OF THE ICE FAMINE. Milk Bealers to be Prosecuted for Using

Chemical Preservatives. The dearness of ice has brought about so much adulteration of milk that the State Dairy Commission has begun proceedings The adulteration of milk is common enough. but the present method is comparatively rarely used. Something like a dozen chemical compounds have been brought into requisition in order to keep milk from souring. It can be done much cheaper in this way than by the use of ice at its present cost. One of the most common compounds has the use of ice at its present cost. One of the most common compounds has boracic acid as its principal ingredient. Other compounds are made of salicylic acid, benzolc acid, their saits, and the sait of boracic acid. They are said to preserve milk and cream for from thirty-six hours to a week. The compound is a white powder, and is difficult to detect when placed in milk. It dissolves readily, and can hardly be tasted, although when taken separately it has a bitter taste.

Assistant Dairy Commissioner Van Valkenburgh has been making investigations with the aid of experts and chemists, and as a result proceedings have been instituted against several dealers in this city and Brooklyn. He is acting on the advice of Deputy Attorney-General Maynard, and says he purposes to prosecute offenders both criminally and civilly. The offence is a misdemeanor and is punishable by fine and imprisonment. The Dairy Commissioner may also bring suit to recover \$100 for each violation of the law.

Prof. Joseph F. Geisler, one of the chemists on whose investigations the legal proceedings of the Commission are based, said last evening: "Milk adulteration was never so prevalent as now. Some of the offenders are sharp, too. One day they use the compound and the next day they don't, so it is difficult to detect them. Much of it is sold in the dairy districts of Orange and Sullivan counties. Milk, when adulterated in this way, might have no deleterious effect if used only two or three times. It is the constant use of it that tells, and it tells particularly in the case of invalids and children. Of the samples of milk that were brought to me for examination. I found preservatives in about 18 per cent."

this habit he probably owes the loss of his testh.

"I think I must have coughed them out when I was asleep," said Mr. Cory, "and I am afraid that I coughed them out the window. If that is so I will probably never see them again. I have spent \$1.20 in advertising, and I am not going to spend any more."

As soon as he discovered his loss he went to the bureau to which all articles found in the cars of the elevated road are sent. The clerk in charge had heard nothing of the teeth.

The Grand Jury Doesn't Agree With Britton.

The case of Edward Farrelly of the American News Company, who was arrested by J. A. Britton for selling certain novels alleged to be obscene, was presented to the Grand Jury yesterday by Assistant District Attorney Bedford. Mr. Bedford said afterward to the reporters.

"I have devoted four days to reading these five books, and I regard them as nothing but trash. After Assistant District Attorney Lindsay and myself had read before the Grand Jury the passages marked by Britton, and after Britton's testimony had been taken and both Mr. Lindsay and I had left the room, the Grand Jury refused unanimously to bring in an indictment. The books were not worth the attention of the Grand Jury."

A Circular from the Inquisition.

The authorities of the Roman Catholio Church in this city have just received from Rome a circular in regard to the Feast of the Assumption, of which the following is an authorized translation:

Letter of the Boly Roman and Universal Inquisition to all Ordinaries of Places. —As the feast of the giorious Assumption of the Messac Virgin Mary fails this year on Friday, our Most Holy Father Leo XIII. by Divine Providence Pope, acceding to the rejuests presented to this by very many ordinaries of places, has been pleased to grant, to all the faithful of thrist throughout the world, the permission to eat flesh meat on that day, the precept of fasting still remaining for the vigil of the fact. His looliness wishes however, that all the faithful the still of the pay with the property of the faithful through the pay the pay the father than according to contrary notwithstanding. Given at Rome, July 28, 1868.

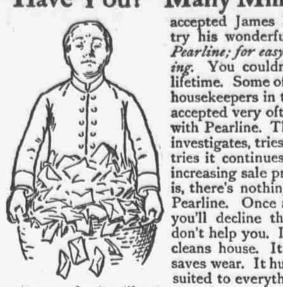
A Forged Check for \$15 Won't Pay for a

William Ashelm of 189 East Seventy-sixth street, employed by H. D. Buegdersen, publisher, of 115 East li6th street, to sell books, failed to make returns, and light street, to self books, failed to make returns, and was arrested on Monday. In his pockets were found checks made payable to himself and hearing the alleged signature of various from. At the Tomos Court yeaterday Jacob Brower, restorant keeper at 1180 Third avenue, said that a week ago the prisoner had eaten fifty cents worth of dinner in his place and had paid for it with a check for \$15 bearing the signature of Max Kampter & ions. The check was a forgery. Asheim was held for trial in default of \$500 bail.

Frank Lester, a colored man employed in the Jersey City Post Office, was dismissed by Postmaster Dickin son last; week. He is a member of the Hudson con tast were. He is a memor of the Hudson County Golored Man's Association and that organization held a meeting on Monday night. He told the association that he had always done his work properly, and he didn't know why is had been dismissed. I asked Postmaster Dickingson for an explanation, Lester said, "but he refused to make one "A committee of seven was appointed to wait on the Postmaster.

Perhaps He's a Kleptomantac

James Jones, a lawyer of New Jersey, was arraigne James Jones, a lawyer of New Jersey, was arraigned in the Tombs Folice Court yesterday afternoon on a charge of stealing a fitty-cent book from a news stand at the Cortinuds street ferry. He was held by Justice White for examination. He says he will pay for the book, and that he did not intend to steal it, although he had walked kirty fees before he was arrested. It is ballieved that Jones is a flottious name. Have You? Many Millions Have



accepted James Pyle's invitation to try his wonderful discovery, Pyle's Pearline; for easy washing and clean-ing. You couldn't count them in a lifetime. Some of the twelve million housekeepers in this land must have accepted very often. That's the way with Pearline. The wise woman who investigates, tries it; the woman who tries it continues to use it. A daily increasing sale proves it. The truth is, there's nothing so acceptable as Pearline. Once accept its help, and you'll decline the imitations—they don't help you. It washes clothes or cleans house. It saves labor and it saves wear. It hurts nothing, but it's suited to everything. Try it when it

suits you, for it will suit you when you try it. Beware as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—
Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, do the honest thing—send it back. 175 JAMES PYLE, New York.

A NEW SEVENTY-FOOT YACHT.

Reary D. Tiffany's Sloop Ventura Launched in the Bronx.

Just at 9 o'clock yesterday morning the ship carpenters at Gillespie's yard on the west bank of the Bronx River began to wedge up the new keel sloop yacht Ventura, owned by Henry D. Tiffany. The river is so narrow at this point that it was not possible to launch her stern first, as is the custom, so the ways and cradle had to be constructed on a new plan, by which the yacht could be launched broadside on. At high water the last chock was knocked out and the Ventura slid down the greased ways until almost

tura slid down the greased ways until almost afloat, when one side of the cradle gave way. Her spars were all in place, but she did not roll down far enough to strike her mast, although it looked for a moment as if she would. Miss Edith Tiffany, theowner's daughter, christened the yacht, and among those who watched the launch were Mr. and Mrs. Henry D. Tiffany, (teorge Tiffany, Mrs. Austin, and J. Corlies Lawrence.

The Ventura's keel was laid six months ago. She was designed by her owner, and was built by John Gillesple under Mr. Tiffany's supervision. In model she differs from any of the modern yachts. She has a clipper bow, which is quite full at the water line, a finely moulded blige, rather flat floor, and a clean run ending in a tacering overhang which finishes off in a neat stern just square enough to put her name on. The sternpost does not rake, but is straight with a good old-fashioned rudder on it, and the oak keel has about thriteen tons of lead. Her main boom reaches far out over the stern, and shows that the Ventura is going to have a big suit of sails. Sawyer has made them, and they will be bent in a day or two.

The Ventura's dimensions are: Length over all, 70 fest; water line, 53 fest; beam, 13 feet 6 inches; depth. 7 feet; draft. 8 feet. Besides a roomy cabin, the new boat has four staterooms and ample quarters for the crew and cook. She is to steer with a wheel. Mr. Tiffany intends to take a cruise down fast in her before taking part in any of the races about here. She will be enrolled in the Larchmont fleet.

PROCTOR KNOTT GOING TO DULUTH. He Will be the City's Guest on the Anni-

versary of His Famous Speech, CHICAGO, Aug. 12 .- Ex-Gov. J. Proctor Knott of Kentucky arrived here to-day. He is suffering from a severe attack of neuralgia. He is en route to Duluth accompanied by Mrs. Knott and several friends. The Kentuckian is to be the guest of "the Zenith City of the Unsalted Sea." which he made celebrated in his sailed Sea." which he made celebrated in his famous speech in Congress twenty years ago. The anniversary of that speech will be celebrated at Duluth on Thursday in a grand demonstration of which Gov. Nnott will be the central figure. The party were met at the train this morning by an escort from Duluth. The party left on a special train this evening, and will be received at Duluth to-morrow forenoon with the booming of cannon and other evidences of popular welcome.

Harlem Republicans Against Conlition. The Harlem Republican Club devoted the reater part of its regular monthly meeting

last night to discussing this resolution: That it is the sense of this club that representative Republicans should be nominated for municipal offices to be filled at the ensuing election, and that we are unalterably opposed to any condition or fusion ticket. Some objection was made to the word "un-alterably," for it was the opinion of several ora-tors that the political conditions of another year may make a combination with the Coun-ties not only advisable but necessary. The resolution was finally adopted unanimously. These delegates were elected to represent the club at the Convention of the Republican State League to be held in Saratoga on Sept. 4: A. B. Humphreys, H. Wheeler Coombs. and Charles H. Patrick.

Wonderful Speed Expected of the Norwood There was lying in Wintringham's basin at Bay Ridge yesterday a vessel which is reported to have steamed a measured mile in smooth water on the Merrimae River in 1 minute 58 seconds. She is a mahogany steam launch, 63 seconds. She is a manogany steam launch, 63 feet long, with a beam of 7 feet 9 inches. Her name is the Norwood, and she was built at Amesoury, Mass., for Norman L. Munro, by C. D. Mosher, who is also the inventor of her boiler and engine. The latter is of the triple expansion type, and she can develop 400-borse power. Mr. Munro said yesterday that he had not yet had a chance to judge of the boat's speed, but that she would have a trial in a few dars.

The Chinese Walk Out of Jail.

San Francisco, Aug. 12.-Twenty-three Chinese were brought here from the South last week and confined in the Alameda county jail until they could be returned to China. Yesterday five Chinese visited the prisoners, and day five Chinese visited the prisoners, and when the time for leaving came the visitors remained and the prisoners walked out instead. Their absence was soon noticed, and they were recaptured a few blocks from the jail. Deputy Marshals Morrison and Wooleey have been arrested charged with being bribed to let the prisoners escape. All of the Chinese were brought to this city and locked up in the Federal Building, where they will remain till they are sent to China.

To Prevent Obstructions in Navigable

Washington, Aug. 12.—Senator Edmunds, from the Committee on Judiciary, to-day reported an amend-ment to be proposed to the River and Harbor bill, declaring that "every obstruction not affirmatively authorized by law to the navigable capacity of any waters thorized by law to the navigable capacity of any waters in respect of which the United States has jurisdiction is hereby prohibited."

It is provided that each day's continuance of such obstruction shall be deamed a separate offence, the punishment for which shall be a line not to exceed \$1.000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year. The creating or continuing of any such obstruction may be prevented by injunction of any Circuit (out) exercising jurisdiction in the district where it is threatened or saist; and proper proceedings to this end may be instituted under the direction of the Attorney General.

Miss Winnie Davis's Wedding. Washington, Aug. 12.—Upon the request of her mother, Jefferson Davis's daughter. Miss Winnie Davis, has con-sented that her marriage shall not take place until next June. This is in order that she shall not be married until one year has slapsed since her father's death, which co-curred on the 6th of last December. Mrs. Davis and her daughter are making a fish-scale necklace, which will be set with diamonds. The necklace is to be worn at the weiding, which has been fixed for June 25, 1891.

In the State Camp. PRESSELL, Aug. 12.—The Troy company in the camp this week is making a reputation. Its marching and manual is of a high order. The Mount Vernon com-pany is also making a good showing and aiready has a reputation of baying the cleanest and neatest company street in Camp.

The Golden Pleace All Eight. The British auxiliary steam yacht Golden Fleece, cor

The British auxiliary steam yacht Golden Fieece, consigned to Mr. Frank Osborn, who has obartered her, arrived yesterday in charge of Capt. Harris. She has an engine of only twenty horse power, and carried only a small supply of coal. She proceeded meanty under askil, and was retarded by westerly gates and head seas.

If we a testimonial entertainment to Prof. Louis Eppinger, the popular conductor of the orchestra at the basoh on Thursday evening. The affair will include a small supply of coal. She proceeded meanty under the presentation to Mr. Eppinger of a subscription purse and a head some simble meant of music has been arranged.

Tegal Aotices.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, Trial desired in New ork county.

Thomas H. O'Neill, Henry O'Neill, and George Queckenbush, plaintiffs, against Julius Baumblott, defendant. Summons.

Conschedum, plaintiffs, against Julius Baumblott, defendant. Summons.

To the above named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, Judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, New York, May 15, 1880.

O'Men and Fost Office address, No. 285 Broadway, New York otty, New York.

To the above named defendant:
You will please take notice that the foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court or the State of New York, action 1972, 1880.

CAMPRELLA MURPHY, Yours, 2011

Office and Post Office address, No. 265 Broadway, Ne. Tork city, New York.

Office and Post Office address. No. 265 Broadway, New York city, New York.

Supperior Court of the City of New York — Stephen V. White, plaintiff, against John Bouner and Arthur Sewell, defendants:—Summons.

To the above-named defendants:—answer the complaint in the are hereby summoned to answer the complaint. To are hereby summoned to answer the complaint of this summons, exclusive of the day of aervice, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Bated New York, June 4, 1880.

BLAIR & BUDD, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

Office address, 102 Broadway, New York.

Toe forener, defendant above named:
The forener, defendant above named:
The forener, defendant above named:
Office address, 102 Broadway, New York, and the Durch of the City of New York, dated the Durch defor June 8, 100 Clerk of Said Court at the Court House in the City of New York.

Supperson Court, County of New York, New York, Office address, 102 Broadway, New York, Supperson Court of New York, Supperson Court of New York, Supperson Court of Stephen Court Bouse in the City of New York, Supperson Court of Stephen Court Bouse in the City of New York, Supperson Court of Stephen Court Bouse in the City of New York, Supperson Court of Stephen Court, County Office Autority, New York, Supperson Court of Stephen Court, County Office Autority, New York, Supperson Court of N

BLAIR & RUDD, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office address, 102 Broadway, New York.

CUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK—Alice D. A. Godwin, plaintiff, against Tom Godwin, defendant. Summons. Action to annul a marriage. Trial to be had in the city and county of New York.

To the above named defendant: You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to within twanty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint, Dated New York, May 31, 1980.

ENEVALS & FRRRY, plaintiff's attorneys.

Office and Fost Office address. 34 Assaus street, New York city.

To Tom Godwin, defendant: The foregoing summons is served on you by publication, pursuant to an order of ilon, George P. Andrewa, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 22d day of July, 1980, and on that day filed with the complaint in this action in the office of the Clerk of the distribution of the New York, July 22, 1800.

Dated New York, July 22, 1800.

Office and Post Office address, 36 Nassau street, New York city.

Auction Motices.

WEST SIST STREET.
W SUPREMR COURT, CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK. Chauncey E. Low, plaintiff, against Stephen H. Thayer and others defendants.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 17th day of July, 1880, I, the undersigned the referee therein named, will sell at public andion, at the Real Estate Exchange and Acution Rooms, Limited, Nos. 20 to 85 Liberty street, in the city of New York, on Wednesday, the 18th day of August, 1880, by William Kennelly & Brothers, Auctioneers, the premises in said judgment mentioned and therein described as follows:

All that state judgment mentioned and therein described as follows:

All the Treenty-second ward of the city of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Sixty-first street, distant one hundred and the city of New York, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly line of Sixty-first street, and running thence sasterly along the northerly line of Sixty-first street, and running thence sasterly along the northerly line of Sixty-first street, and running thence sasterly along the northerly line of Sixty-first street, and running thence sasterly along the northerly line of Sixty-first street, and running thence sasterly along the northerly line of Sixty-first street, and running thence saterly along the northerly wall one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the block washing-first street, and running the street wenty-five (25) feet, thence southerly parallel with Eleventh avenue and part of the way through another party wall, one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the point or place of beginning.

Figure 1 the property of the street was through an attent was voice, New York, N. Y. Spassau street, New York, N. Y. Spassau street, New York, N. Y. Spassau street of the control line of the street of the street mortherly on the street of the

EDWARD PETTINGER, Auctioneer, sells at public auction by virtue of chattel mortgage, on Wednesday, Aug. 13, at 11 vandewater st., lot of printing presses and material. By order of mort

Bublic Aotices.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.—Letter for foreign countries need not be specially addressed for despatch by any particular steamer, except when it is desired to send duplicates of banking and commercial occuments, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vessels available.

any particular steamer, except when it is desired to send duplicates of banking and commercial documenta, letters not specially addressed being sent by the fastest vessels available.

Foreign mails for the week sading Aug. 16 will close [promptip in all cases at this office, as follows: WEDNEEDAY.—At 11:30 A. M. for Europe, per steamship Fulda, via Southampton and Bremen (letters for Ireland must be directed "per Fulda"); at 12:30 P. M. for Ireland, per steamship Germanic, via Queenstown (letters for Great Britain and other European countries must be directed "per Germanic"); at 1 P. M. for Cuba, per steamship City of Columbia, via Havana; at 1 P. M. for Progreso, per steamship C. Condal letters for other Mexican States must be directed "per C. Condal"; at 1 P. M. for Insqua, Fort de Faix, Cape Hayti, Gonaives, for the Netterland direct, per face had in the condam, via Botterdam (letters must be directed "per Oddam"); at 2 P. M. for Belgium direct per steamship Noordland, via Antwerp (letters must be directed "per Moordland"); at 2 P. M. for Jamaica, per steamship Tyriau.

THURSDAY.—At 130 A. M. for Europe, per steamship Columbia, via Southampton and Hamburg; at 12 M. for Venezueia, Curacoa, per steamship Finiadelphia (letters for other Columbia ports must be directed "per Philadelphia"); at 1 P. M. for Bermuda, per steamship Orinoco, at 1 P. M. for Bermuda, per steamship Orinoco, at 1 P. M. for Sermuda, per steamship Orinoco, at 1 P. M. for Perruda, per steamship Clenfuegos; at 2 P. M. for Forto Rico direct, per steamship Smaan Tower; at N. D. P. M. for Newfoundiand, per steamer from Haiffax; at 10 M. M. for Newfoundiand, per steamer from Haiffax; at 10 M. D. M. for S. P. W. for Porto Rico direct, per steamship Smaan Tower; at N. D. P. M. for Newfoundiand, per steamer from Haiffax; at 10 M. M. for Europe, per steamer from Haiffax; at 10 M. M. for Europe Steamship Chaiffays of the Steamship Chaiffays of t

steamship Cientiscos: at 2 P. M. for Forio mod direct, per steamship Smeaton Tower; at #35 P. M. for Newfoundland, per steamer from Hailfax; at #360 P. M. for St. Pierro-Miquelon, per steamer from Hailfax; at #360 P. M. for St. Pierro-Miquelon per steamer from Hailfax; at #360 P. M. for Jamaica. Nicaragua, and Guatonala, per steamship Hondo dictiers for Belies must be all the per steamship and per steamship La Chambard, and Portugal per steamship and Portugal must be directed "per Etraria"; at 4 A. M. for the Netherlands direct, per steamship Notterdam, via Amsterdam (letters must be directed "per Rotterdam"); at 4 A. M. for Stolland direct, per steamship Circassia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Rotterdam"); at 4 A. M. for Not and Circassia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Circassia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per steamship Thingvalia defters must be directed "per circassia, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per steamship Thingvalia defters must be directed "per steamship Thingvalia defters and two for tour Mayti, per steamship Adirondack; at 1 P. M. for Campeche, Chilapaa, Tabasco, and Yucatan, per steamship Prizaba (letters for other Mexican Natagual Hayti, per steamship Adirondack; at 1 P. M. for Campeche, Chilapaa, Tabasco, and Yucatan, per steamship B. Oter, from New Orleans.

Sunday — At 3 P. M. for Trutillo, per steamship E. Hough, from New Griesna.

Balls for Chima and Japan, per steamship City of Pekung (from San Francisco), close here Aug. 17 at 8:30 P. M. for Chima had per ship Tabilit (from San Francisco), close here Aug. 17 at 6:30 P. M. dails for China by rail to Tampa Fla. and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 8:30 P. M. Mails for On arrival at New York of steamship Aurania, with British mails for Amstralia, Mails for New Groundad Defter San Fancisco, close here Aug. 17 at 6:30 P. M. hor On arrival at New York of steamship

The guests at the Long Beach Hotel have arranged to give a testimonial entertainment to Prof. Louis Ep-pinger, the popular conductor of the orchestra at the

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tent.
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ance in 60 days.

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O'FENING OF PACKARD'S COLLEGE for the fall term, Tuesday, Sept. 2: application for seats should be made at once. S. B. PAUKARD, Fresident, 101 Bass 22d st. STENOGRAPHY and typewriting -Skill in 2 months at 816 B'way: typewriting lessons \$1 weekly.

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